No.

200400189

<u> THE TONIHED SIMILES OF ANTERIOS</u>

<u>TO ALL TO WHOM THESE: PRESENES: SHALL COME:</u>

Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc.

MICCONS, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS; HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY TEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC **RULENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY \mathsf{LAW}, THE** IN 10 EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR TING IT OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE URPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE R USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

CORN, FIELD

'PH714'

Reissuance, original grant, June, 9, 2006

In Vestimon Merror, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Mant Inviety Irotection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this twenty-first day of August, in the year two thousand and six.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - PI			Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued					
APPLICATION FOR PLANT VAI (Instructions and information col			Application is required in order to determ 17, U.S.C. 2421). Information is held co	V.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).				
NAME OF OWNER Pioneer Hi-Bred Internation	al, Inc.		2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NAME	3. VARIETY NAME PH714				
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City,	State, and ZIP Co	de, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY				
7301 NW 62 nd Avenue		•	515/270-4051	PVPO NUMBER				
Johnston, IA 50131-0085			6. FAX (include area code)	- 900 L 00 400				
				2004 00 189				
			515/253-2125	FILING DATE				
7. IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON",		8. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE	9. DATE OF INCORPORATION	10-11 28 2001				
ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, association)	ciation, etc.)	STATE OF INCORPORATION	March 5, 1999	April 28, 2004 -				
Corporation		IOWA		F FILING AND EXAMINATION FEES:				
10. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPRESE	NTATIVE(S) TO	SERVE IN THIS APPLICATION. (First)	oerson listed will receive all papérs)	E \$ 3652.00				
Steven R. Anderson		•		1 /201/201				
Research and Product Devel	opment			E				
P.O. Box 85	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s 768.00				
Johnston, IA 50131-0085	•							
				E DATE 5/24/06				
11. TELEPHONE (Include area code) 12. FAX (Include area code)			13. E-MAIL	1				
515/270-4051 515/253-2125			steven.anderson(@pioneer.com				
14. CROP KIND (Common Name) 16. FAMILY NAME (Botanical)			18. DOES THE VARIETY CONTA	AIN ANY TRANSGENES? (OPTIONAL)				
CORN Gramineae			□ YES X NO					
15. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF CROP 17. IS THE VARIETY A FIRST GENERATION HYBRID?			D? IF SO, PLEASE GIVE THE A	SSIGNED USDA-APHIS REFERENCE NUMBER FOR THE GULATE THE GENETICALLY MODIFIED PLANT FOR				
Zea Mays ☐ Yes X NO			COMMERICALIZATION.	SOBATE THE SERETION LET THOSE AS TO SERVE THE				
19. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTA	CHMENT SUBM	ITTEO	20. DOES THE OWNER SPECIF	Y THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS				
(Follow instructions on reverse)			OF CERTIFIED SEED? (See Sec	ction 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act) items 21 and 22 below) X NO (If "no", go to item 23)				
a. X Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History	of the Vanety	·	21. DOES THE OWNER SPECIF	Y THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO				
b. X Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness			NUMBER OF CLASSES?	NUMBER OF CLASSES?				
c. X Exhibit C. Objective Description of Val								
d. Exhibit D. Additional Description of the			IF YES, WHICH CLASSES? 22. DOES THE OWNER SPECIF	☐ FOUNDATION ☐ REGISTERED ☐ CERTIFIED Y THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO				
e. X Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of th			NUMBER OF GENERATIONS?					
f. X Voucher Sample (2,500 viable untreate verification that tissue culture will be de	ed seeds or, for tu eposited and main	iber propagated varieties, ntained in an approved public	☐ YES ☐ NO	÷				
repasitory)			IF YES, SPECIFY THE NUMI	BER 1,2,3, etc. FOR EACH CLASS.				
g. X Filing and Examination Fee (\$3,652), r States" (Mail to the Plant Variety Protect		Treasurer of the United		EGISTERED CERTIFIED				
				(If additional explanation is necessary, please use the space indicated on the reverse.) 24. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY COMPONENT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY				
23. HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HARVES FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPOSED	STED MATERIAL O OF, TRANSFER	OR A HYBRID PRODUCED RRED, OR USED IN THE U. S. OR	24. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY COMPONENT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT (PLANT BREEDER'S RIGHT OR PATENT)?					
OTHER COUNTRIES? X YES □ NO			YES X NO	T YES X NO				
IF YES, YOU MUST PROVIDE THE DATE OF	FIRST SALE DIS	POSITION TRANSFER OR USE	IF YES, PLEASE GIVE COUNTRY, DATE OF FILING OR ISSUANCE AND ASSIGNED					
FOR EACH COUNTRY AND THE CIRCUMSTA	NCES. (Please	use space indicated on reverse.)		ease use space indicated on reverse.)				
25. The owners declare that a viable sample of bas for a tuber propagated variety a tissue culture	ic seed of the var	riety has been furnished with application	n and will be replenished upon request in	accordance with such regulations as may be applicable, or				
				distinct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 42, and is				
entitled to protection under the provisions of Se	ection 42 of the Pl	ant Variety Protection Act.	ry, and believe(s) that the valuety is now, t	and the state of t				
Owner(s) is (are) informed that false represents	ation herein can je	eopardize protection and result in pena	Ities.					
SIGNATURE OF OWNER	 		SIGNATURE OF OWNER					
			St. K.					
NAME (Please print or type)			NAME (Please print or type)	evso-v				
			Steven R. Anderson					
			Ofesell IV. Wildelsoll					
CARACITY OR TITLE	DAT	F	CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE				
CAPACITY OR TITLE		-	Pacagrah Scientist	4-22-2004				

Research Scientist

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 filling fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfiled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvp.htm

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAL Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

ITEM

19a. Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
 - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
 - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
 - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 19d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 20. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

United States, Nov. 1, 2003

24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment; or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, political beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History

Pedigree: PH42B/PH07D) XWAB1K43K1X

Pioneer Line PH714, Zea mays L., a yellow endosperm corn inbred, was developed by Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. from the single cross hybrid PH42B (Certificate No. 9600201) X PH07D (PVP Certificate No. 9700214) using the pedigree method of plant breeding. Varieties PH42B and PH07D are proprietary inbred lines of Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. Selfing was practiced from the above hybrid for _6 generations using pedigree selection. During line development, crosses were made to inbred testers for the purpose of estimating the line's combining ability. Yield trials were grown at Windfall, Indiana as well as other Pioneer research locations. After initial testing, additional hybrid combinations have been evaluated and subsequent generations of the line have been grown and hand-pollinated with observations again made for uniformity.

Variety PH714 has shown uniformity and stability for all traits as described in Exhibit C - "Objective Description of Variety". It has been self-pollinated and ear-rowed 4 generations with careful attention paid to selection criteria and uniformity of plant type to assure genetic homozygousity and phenotypic stability. The line has been increased both by hand and in isolated fields with continued observations for uniformity and stability, and for 3 generations during the final stages of inbred development and seed multiplication. Very high standards for genetic purity have been established morphologically using field observations and electrophoretically using sound lab molecular marker methodology.

No variant traits have been observed or are expected in PH714.

The criteria used in the selection of PH714 were, yield, both per se and in hybrid combinations; late season plant health, grain quality, stalk lodging resistance, and kernel size, especially important in production. Other selection criteria include: ability to germinate in adverse conditions; disease and insect resistance; pollen yield and tassel size.

Exhibit A: Developmental history for PH714

Season/Year Pedigree Grown	Inbreeding Level of Pedigree Grown
PH42B	F0
PH07D	F0
PH42B/PH07D	F1
1994 PH42B/PH07D)X Summer 1995	F2
PH42B/PH07D)XWAB1 Winter 1996	F3 }
PH42B/PH07D)XWAB1K4 Summer 1997	F4
PH42B/PH07D)XWAB1K43 Winter 1997	F5
PH42B/PH07D)XWAB1K43K1 Summer 1998	F6
PH42B/PH07D)XWAB1K43K1X	F7 SEED

^{*}PH714 was selfed and ear-rowed from F3 through F6 generation. #Uniformity and stability were established from F6 through F8 generation and beyond when seed supplies were increased.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Variety PH714 mostly resembles Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. proprietary inbred line PH6WA (PVP Certificate No. 200200179). Tables 1A and 1B show two sample t-tests on data collected primarily in Johnston and Dallas Center, IA. The traits collectively show measurable differences between the two varieties.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Variety PH714 has a greater cob diameter (24.1 mm vs 21.9 mm) than variety PH6WA (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH714 has a shorter husk extension length (3.8 cm vs 9.8 cm) than variety PH6WA (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH714 has a shorter leaf length (71.8 cm vs 83.5 cm) than variety PH6WA (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH714 has fewer primary tassel branches (0.2 vs 2.9) than variety PH6WA (Table 1A, 1B).

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement Tables

Table 1A: Data from Johnston and Dallas Center, IA broken out by year and across environments are supporting evidence for differences between PH714 an PH6WA. Each year varieties were grown in 3 locations that had different environmental conditions. Environments had different planting dates and were in different fields. A two-sample t-test was used to compare differences between means.

Prob_(2- il) Pooled	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	2222	0.000	0.000	0.000	0000	0000	0.000
<u>a</u> : <u>e</u>		, o		4	-11	20.	5.8 <u>-</u>	-6.7	-7.0	9.9	989	-
DF Pooled Value Pooled		2 6	288	- 88 - 78	28) 88 7	28	28	28	28	28	28
dError-	0.291	0.254	0.232	0.439	0.398	0.422	1.375	0.643	0.963	0.289	0.291	0.267
IdError-Si	0.322	0.267	0.232	0.410	0.400	0.235	0.990	1.527	1.046	0.187	0.107	0.091
StdDeviation-StdDeviation-StdError-	1.125	0.986	0.900	1.699	1.543	1,633	5.325	2.492	3.731	1.121	1.125	1.033
Deviation-St	1.246	1.033	0.900	1.589	1.549	0.910	3.836	5.914	4.051	0.724	0.414	0.352
Mean Diff	2.6	2,5	1.7	တ တု	-6.3	ró.	-14.3	-11.1	6.6-	-2.3	-2.7	-3.1
lean- 2 ₪	21.5	21.4	22.7	11.2	9.7	8.7	82.3	82.3	86.1	2.6	2.9	3.3
lean-lV 1	15 24.1	23.9	24.3	4. 6.	8. 4.	3.6	68.0	71.1	76.1	0.3	0.2	0.1
ount-M	75	72	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	15	15	72	75	7	75	75	15
Sount-Co	75	ਨ	72	ਨ	.5	75	15	1 2	15	5	-5	5
-VARIETY-	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA	PH6WA
VARIETY-VARIETY-Count-Count-Mean-Mean-YEAR 1 2 1 2 2	2001PH714	2002PH714	2003PH714	2001PH714	2002PH714	2003PH714	2001PH714	2002PH714	2003PH714	2001PH714	2002PH714	2003PH714
DataField YE	cob diameter (mm)	cob diameter (mm)	cob diameter (mm)	husk extension length (cm)	husk extension length (cm)	husk extension length (cm)	leaf length (cm) 2	leaf length (cm) 2	leaf length (cm) 2	tassel primary branch number	tassel primary branch number 2	tassel primary branch number 2

Exhibit B. Novelty Statement Tables

Table 1B: Summary data from Johnston and Dallas Center, IA across years and environments are supporting evidence for differences between PH714 and PH6WA. Environments had different planting dates and were in different fields. A two-sample t-test was used to compare differences between means.

DataField	WARIETY	-VARIETY-C	Sount-Oc	ount:N	lean-Iv	nean- 2 M	lean_Diff	dDeviation-IS	StdDeviation-StdDeviation-StdError-StdError-	StdError-S	tdError- 2 DF_	DF_PooledValue	alue_Pooled tai	Prob_(2: all)_Pooled
cob diameter (mm) PH714	n) PH714	PH6WA	45	45	24.1	21.9	2.3	1.057	1.140	0.158	0.170	88	9.8	0.000
husk extension			w	##* . 										
length (cm)	PH714	PH6WA	45	45	თ. დ	တ ထ	-6.1	1.412	1.906	0.211	0.284	88	-17.2	000.0
leaf length (cm)	PH714	PH6WA	45	45	71.8	83.5	-11.8	5.701	4.325	0.850	0.645	88	-11.0	0.000
tassel primary													No. 4	
branch number	PH714	PH714 PH6WA	45	45	0.5	2.0	-2.7	0.517	1.104		0.077 0.165	88	-14.8	0.000
										٤.	The same of the sa	the second second second	the second of the second	

Our experimental design was set up in a typical complete block design commonly used in agricultural corn research experiments using three locations/environments. One replication was grown at each location. This is one more environment than is required according to the PVP application instructions. Our approach was to test the variety in more than 1 location (as instructed) while also allowing us the extra location/environment if there should be an unexpected failure at a location due to weather or other problems. There may also be situations where an additional year of testing was conducted resulting in 2 years of trial data. There would likely be more variability due to soil type differences, nutrients, or weather typical of different testing environments than if all three trials were grown in the same field on the same farm with the same planting dates in the same year. If you recommend that all locations/environments are grown in the same field with the same planting dates and same year, please let us know and we will adjust our 2007 procedures.

The experimental design and methods for 2003 were as follows:

Please update the exhibit C addendum with this paragraph:

The experiment procedures involved three environments with different planting dates, planted in 17.42 ft. rows with 2 rows for each variety. Approximately 24-30 plants emerged in each of 2 rows for a total of around 48 to 60 plants being evaluated at each location and 144 to 180 plants across locations. For plant level traits, we sampled 5 representative plants from the 2 rows of the 2 row plot (group) of plants at each location. For plot level traits we evaluated the 2 row plot (group) and gave a representative score or average on the 48-60 plants in the group within an experiment.

Some traits can be especially variable under different environmental factors influenced by weather, soil type, or planting dates. Varying temperatures or day length could impact the meristem growth during various tissue differentiation stages. The meristem differentiation of the ear and other tissues could be impacted as well as the success of pollination during flowering and frequency of kernel abortion during grain fill. Such variation could impact some of the traits that you mention because our experiment design does not grow all of the trials in the same field with the same planting date.

I would be happy to share detailed protocols or discuss with you in more detail the sampling, experiment design, reporting, and the conscientious evaluations that went into the characterization of the data..

United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service Science and Technology, Plant Variety Protection Office National Agricultural Library Building, Room 400 Beltsville, MD 20705-2351

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY CORN (Zea Mays L.)

Name of Applicant(s		l Variety Seed S	Source		I Variety Name I PH714	or Temporary De	esignation
Address (Street & No	o., or R.F.D. No., City, State, Z	ip Code and Country	ı	FOR OFFICIAL	. USE	I PVPO Nu	mber
7301 NW 62nd Aver	nue, P.O. Box 85, Johnston,	lowa 50131-0085				20040	0189
adding leading zeroe	e number that describes the va s if necessary. Completeness y for an adequate variety desc	should be striven for to	establish an				
COLOR CHOICES (I	Jse in conjunction with Munse	Il color code to describe	all color che	oices; describe	#25 and #26 in C	omments section	
01. Light Green	06. Pale Yellow	11. Pink	16. Pale		21. Buff	26. Other (I	•
02. Medium Green	07. Yellow	12. Light Red	17. Purp	•	22. Tan		•
. 03. Dark Green	08. Yellow-Orange	13. Cherry Red	18. Colo		23. Brown		
04. Very Dark Green	n 09. Salmon	14. Red	19. White	e	24. Bronze		
05. Green-Yellow	10. Pink-Orange	15. Red & White	20. White	e Capped	25. Variegated	(Describe)	
STANDARD INBRED	CHOICES [Use the most sim	ilar (in background and r	maturity) of	these to make	comparisons base	ed on grow-out tri	ial data]:
Yellow Dent Familie	s:	Yellow Dent (Unrelated)):		Sweet Corn:		
Family	Members	Co109, ND246			C13, low	a5125, P39, 213	2
B14	CM105, A632, B64, B68	Oh7, T232					
B37	B37, B76, H84	W117, W153R			Popcorn:		
B73	N192, A679, B73, Nc268	W182BN			SG153	33, 4722 <mark>, HP3</mark> 01,	HP7211
C103	Mo17, Va102, Va35, A682						
Oh43	A619, MS71, H99, Va26	White Dent:			Pipecorn:		
WF9	W64A, A554, A654, Pa91	Cl66, H105, Ky2	228		Mo15W,	Mo16W, Mo24W	
1. TYPE: (describe i	ntermediate types in commen	s section)			I Standard Inb	ored Name	H99
	t, 2=Dent, 3=Flint, 4=Flour, 5= its: Dent/Flint	Pop, 6=Ornamental, 7=	Pipecorn)		I <u>3</u> Туре) .	
2 REGION WHERE	DEVELOPED IN THE U.S.A.	-			I Standard Se	ed Source	AMES 15931
	st, 2=N.Central, 3=N.East, 4=	•	S.West, 7=0		I _Region		, <u>-</u> 0 1000 1
3. MATURITY (In Re	egion Best Adaptability; show	Heat Unit formula in "Co	mments" se	ection):	I		
DAYS I	HEAT UNITS				I DAY	/S HEAT (JNITS
65 1.479.2 From emergence to 50% of plants in silk					l g	<u>59</u> <u>1</u>	<u>,316.5</u>
64 1.453.7 From emergence to 50% of plants in pollen					; <u> </u>	<u>59</u> <u>1</u>	.308.0
58 From 10% to 90% pollen shed					I	<u>2</u>	<u>56</u>
	From 50% silk to	optimum edible quality			1		
	From 50% silk to I	narvest at 25% moisture			1	·- /	
4. PLANT:		St	t.Dev.	Sample Size	I Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
223.8 cm Plant	Height (to tassel tip)		<u>15.55</u>	<u>30</u>	I <u>141.4</u>	<u>13.19</u>	<u>30</u>
<u>86.4</u> cm Ear l	Height (to base of top ear node	e) .	<u>11.12</u>	<u>30</u>	l <u>35.2</u>	<u>7.71</u>	<u>30</u>
<u>14.5</u> cm Leng	th of Top Ear Internode		<u>1.74</u>	<u>30</u>	l <u>12.4</u>	<u>4.37</u>	<u>30</u>
0.0 Average	Number of Tillers		0.02	<u>6</u>	I <u>0.0</u>	0.01	<u>6</u>
	Number of Ears per Stalk		0.05	<u>6</u>	l <u>1.0</u>	0.11	<u>6</u>
1 Anthocya	anin of Brace Roots: 1=Absen	t, 2=Faint, 3=Moderate,	4=Dark		l <u>2</u>) =	

Application Variety Data	Page 2	1	Standard Inbred	Data	
5. LEAF	St.Dev.	Sample Size 1	Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
10.8 cm Width of Ear Node Leaf	<u>1.39</u>	<u>30</u> 1	<u>8.2</u>	<u>1.02</u>	<u>30</u>
69.6 cm Length of Ear Node Leaf	<u>5.15</u>	<u>30</u> l	<u>66.3</u>	<u>4.70</u>	<u>30</u>
6.2 Number of leaves above top ear	<u>0.82</u>	<u>30</u> I	<u>6.7</u>	<u>0.84</u>	<u>30</u>
17.7 Degrees Leaf Angle	<u>3.67</u>	<u>30</u> I	<u>32.5</u>	<u>5.00</u>	<u>30</u>
(Measure from 2nd leaf above ear at anthesis to stalk abo	ve leaf)	, 1			
4 Leaf Color (Munsell code) 7.5GY 3/4		1		I code) <u>5GY</u>	<u>′ 3/4</u>
2 Leaf Sheath Pubescence (Rate on scale from 1=none to	-	JZZ) I	<u>2</u>		
Marginal Waves (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=many)					
Longitudinal Creases (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=n	nany)				
6. TASSEL:	St.Dev.	Sample Size I	Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
1.3 Number of Primary Lateral Branches	<u>0.52</u>	<u>6</u> 1	<u>4.0</u>	0.89	<u>6</u>
25.7 Branch Angle from Central Spike	<u>5.21</u>	<u>30</u> l	<u>36.6</u>	<u>10.60</u>	<u>30</u>
61.0 cm tassel Length	<u>6.34</u>	<u>30</u> 1	<u>42.4</u>	4.46	<u>30</u>
(from top leaf collar to tassel tip)		1			
2 Pollen Shed (Rate on scale from 0=male sterile to 9=hea	vy shed)	1	<u>4</u>		
5 Anther Color (Munsel code) 7.5Y 8/8		1	<u>14</u> (Munsel	l code) <u>2.5</u> F	R 4/6
3 Glume Color (Munsell code) 7.5GY 4/6		1	2 (Munsel	l code) <u>5GY</u>	<u>′ 5/8</u>
1 Bar Glumes (Glume Bands): 1=Absent, 2=Present		I	<u>1</u>		
7a. EAR (Unhusked Data):		l			
Silk Color (3 days after emergence) (Munsell code)	<u>2,50</u>	GY 8/8 I	1 Munsel	l code <u>2.50</u>	SY 9/ <u>6</u>
2 Fresh Husk Color (25 days after 50% silking) (Munsell c	ode) <u>5G</u>	<u>Y 6/8</u> I	2 Munsel	l code <u>5GY</u>	<u>′ 7/8</u>
19 Dry Husk Color (65 days after 50% silking) (Munsell cod	ie) <u>5Y</u> :	<u>9/1</u> I.	21 Munsel	l code <u>2.5Y</u>	<u>′ 8/4</u>
1 Position of Ear at Dry Husk Stage: 1=Upright, 2=Horizor	ntal, 3=Pendent	: <u> </u>	2		
6 Husk Tightness (Rate on scale from 1=very loose to 9=v		1	<u>6</u>		
2 Hush Extension (at harvest): 1=Short(ears exposed), 2=	:Medium (<8cm), 3=Long	2		
(8-10cm beyond ear tip), 4=Very Long (>10cm)		I			
7b. EAR (Husked Ear Data)	St. Dev.	Sample Size I	Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
17.4 cm Ear Length	<u>2.05</u>	<u>30</u> I	. <u>14.2</u>	<u>1.79</u>	<u>30</u>
42.6 mm Ear Diameter at mid-point	<u>2.28</u>	<u>30</u> 1	<u>35.4</u>	<u>2.71</u>	<u>30</u>
<u>134,6</u> gm Ear Weight	<u>34.08</u>	<u>30</u> l	<u>69.3</u>	<u>18.70</u>	<u>30</u>
17.3 Number of Kernel Rows	<u>1.53</u>	<u>30</u> l	<u>12.1</u>	<u>0.64</u>	<u>30</u>
2 Kernel Rows: 1=Indistinct, 2=Distinct		1	<u>2</u>		
2 Row Alignment: 1=Straight, 2=Slightly Curved, 3=Spiral			2	0.50	
10.6 cm Shank Length2 Ear Taper: 1=Slight, 2=Average, 3=Extreme	<u>3.20</u>	<u>30</u> 1 I	8.3 <u>2</u>	<u>2.53</u>	<u>30</u>
	01.5	0		01.0	0
s. KERNEL (Dried):	St.Dev.	Sample Size I	Mean 8.5	St.Dev.	Sample Size
11.2 mm Kernel Length . 7.6 mm Kernel Width	<u>0.96</u>	<u>30</u> 1	<u>8.5</u> 8.0	0.86 0.67	<u>3</u>
4.9 mm Kernel Thickness	0.81 0.80	<u>30</u> I	<u>8.0</u> 5.1	<u>0.67</u> 0.83	<u>30</u>
4.9 mm Kerner Thickness 49.4 % Round Kernels (Shape Grade)	<u>0.80</u> 6.74	<u>30</u> I	<u>5.1</u> 50.6	<u>0.83</u> 25.07	<u>3(</u>
<u>+o.+</u> 76 Nound Nemels (Shape Grade)	6.74	<u>6</u> I	<u>50.6</u> 1	<u>25.07</u>	<u> </u>
1 Aleurone Color Pattern: 1=Homograpus, 2=Segregating			⊥ <u>7</u> Munseli	Lode 16	0YR 8/14
 Aleurone Color Pattern: 1=Homozygous, 2=Segregating Aleurone Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7 		,	± 14101.19€11	. 2000	
7 Aleurone Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7	<u>'/14</u>	t I	7 Munsell	Loode 2	.5Y 8/12
7 Aleurone Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7 Hard Endosperm Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7	<u>//14</u> <u>//12</u>	! 4=High	7 Munsel	l code <u>2.</u>	.5Y 8/12
7 Aleurone Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7	<u>//14</u> <u>//12</u> =Normal Starch		<u>7</u> Munsell <u>3</u>	l code <u>2.</u>	<u>5Y 8/12</u>
7 Aleurone Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7 7 Hard Endosperm Color (Munsell code) 10YR 7 2 Endosperm Type: 1=Sweet(su1), 2=Extra Sweet(sh2), 3 Amylose Starch, 5=Waxy Starch, 6=High Protein, 7=High	<u>//14</u> <u>//12</u> =Normal Starch		_	code <u>2.</u> 4.1 <u>5</u>	<u>.5Y 8/12</u>

Application Variety Data	Page 3	1	Standard Inbred Data	
9. COB:	St.Dev.	Sample Size 1	Mean St.Dev	Sample Size
24.0 mm Cob Diameter at mid-point	<u>1.13</u>	<u>30</u> l	<u>21.9</u> <u>1.70</u>	<u>30</u>
14 Cob Color (Munsell code)	2.5YR 3/8	1	19 Munsell code 2.5	5Y 9/2
10. DISEASE RESISTANCE (Rate from 1(most susce	eptible) to 9 (most resistant);	eave blank I		
if not tested; leave Race or Strain Options blank if poly	ygenic):	1		
A. Leaf Blights, Wilts, and Local Infection Diseases		1		
_ Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum gran	ninicola)	1	_ Anthracnose Leaf Blig	ıht
Common Rust (Puccinia sorghi)		1	Common Rust	
_ Common Smut (Ustilago maydis)		1	Common Smut	
Eyespot (Kabatiella zeae)		1	Eyespot	
Goss's Wilt (Clavibacter michiganense spp. ne	ebraskense)	ı	Goss's Wilt	
6 Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis)		1	2 Gray Leaf Spot	
_ Helminthosporium Leaf Spot (Bipolaris zeico	la) Race		_ Helminthosporium Lea	af Spot Race_
6 Northern Leaf Blight (Exserohilum turcicum)	Race		4 Northern Leaf Blight	Race
Southern Leaf Blight (Bipolaris maydis)	Race		Southern Leaf Blight	Race
4 Southern Rust (Puccinia Polysora)			6 Southern Rust	_
7 Stewart's Wilt (Erwinia stevartii)		1	7 Stewart's Wilt	
_ Other (Specify)			_ Other (Specify)	
B. Systemic Diseases		1		
Corn Lethal Necrosis (MCMV and MDMV)		1	Corn Lethal Necrosis	•
9 Head Smut (Sphacelotheca reiliana)		. 1	9 Head Smut	
_ Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus (MCDV)		ı	_ Maize Chlorotic Dwar	f Virus
_ Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus (MCMV)		1	_ Maize Chloritic Mottle	
Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus (MDMV)	Strain		Maize Dwarf Mosaic V	
_ Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn (Peronoscle	rospora sorghi)		_ Sorghum Downy Mild	ew of Corn
Other (Specify)	· ·	ı	_ Other (Specify)	
C. Stalk Rots			<u> </u>	
4 Anthracnose Stalk Rot (Colletotrichum gramin	nicola)	1	2 Anthracnose Stalk Ro	ot
Diplodia Stalk Rot (Stenocarpella maydis)		1	Diplodia Stalk Rot	
Fusarium Stalk Rot (Fusarium moniliforme)		1	Fusarium Stalk Rot	
Gibberella Stalk Rot (Gibberella zeae)		i	Gibberella Stalk Rot	
_ Other (Specify)	6.	1	_ Other (Specify)	
D. Ear and Kernel Rots		/ 1	_	
_ Aspergillus Ear and Kernel Rot (Aspergillus fl.	avus)	1	_ Aspergillus Ear & Ker	nel Rot
4 Diplodia Ear Rot (Stenocarpella maydis)	-·· ,	1	1 Diplodia Ear Rot	
3 Fusarim Ear and Kernel Rot (Fusarium monili	forme)	·	3 Fusarium Ear & Kern	el Rot
_ Gibberella Ear Rot (Gibberella zeae)		· 1	_ Gibberella Ear Rot	
_ Other (Specify)			Other (Specify)	
a a		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Application Variety Data	Page 3	ı	Standard Inbred Data	

Application Variety Data		Pag	ge 4	1	Standard Inbred Data
11. INSECT RESISTANCE (Ra	ate from 1(most susceptible) to 9 (m	ost resistan	f); Leave blank		
if not tested		St. Dev.	Sample Size	- 1	St. Dev. Sample Si
_ Banks Grass Mite (Ol	igonychus pratensis)			1	_ Banks Grass Mite
Corn Earworm (Helicoverpa	a zea)			- 1	Corn Earworm
_ Leaf Feeding			τ.	- 1	Leaf Feeding
Silk Feeding	mg larval wt.			1	
_ Ear Damage				1	_ Ear Damage
Corn Leaf Aphid (Rho	palosiphum maidis)			1	Corn Leaf Aphid
Corn Sap Beetle (Car				1	Corn Sap Beetle
European Corn Borer (Ostr				1	European Corn Borer
•	ally Whorl Leaf Feeding)			1	1 st Generation
	ically Leaf Sheath-Collar Feeding)			ı	2 nd Generation
Stalk Tunneling:				- 1	-
Fall Armyworm (Spodopters				- 1	Fall Armyworm
Leaf-Feeding	,			ı	Leaf-Feeding
Silk-Feedingi	mo larval wt.			1	
_ Maize Weevil (Sitophi				Ì	Maize Weevil
_ Northern Rootworm (I	Diabrotica barberi)			i	_ Northern Rootworm
	iabrotica undecimpunctata)			i	_ Southern Rootworm
Southwestern Corn Borer (I				i	Southwestern Corn Borer
Leaf Feeding	Jiatraca grandioscha)			i	_ Leaf Feeding
Stalk Tunneling:	cm tunneled/plant			i	_ Edai i deding
	ite (Tetranychus urticae)			,	Two-spotted Spider Mite
	Diabrotica virgifera virgifera)			i	_ Western Rootworm
_ Other (Specify)	nabrotica viigilera viigilera)		_	i	Other (Specify)
12. AGRONOMIC TRAITS:			····	1	
	s after anthesis) (Rate on scale fror	n 1=woret to	0=evellent\	i	1 Stay Green
% Dropped Ears (at 65	·	11 1-440136 60	o o-exclient)	i	% Dropped Ears
% Pre-anthesis Brittle S				1	% Pre-anthesis Brittle Snapping
% Pre-anthesis Root Lo				,	% Pre-anthesis Root Lodging
5 Post-anthesis Root Lo			e.	- ;	5 Post-anthesis Root Lodging
-	~ ~	.4			-
7,390.0 kg/na Yield of I	Inbred per se (at 12-13% grain mois	sture)		ı	<u>2,752.0</u> Yield
13. MOLECULAR MARKERS: ((0=data unavailable; 1=data availab	le but not su	ipplied; 2=data sup	plied.)	
1 Isozymes	_ RFLP's	_ RAPD's	3	_ (Other (Specify)
REFERENCES:			**************************************		
	the Classification of Corn Inbred Li	noe DhD Ti	socie. Obio Universi	itu	
	nd A.C. Fraser, 1935. A summary o		•	•	E.S. Mom. 190
	nuris, A.Y. Rossman. 1989. Fungi o				
Society, St. Paul, MN.	nuns, A. t. Rossman. 1909. Fungi o	ili Flant Flot	ducts in the Officed C	olaies.	. The American Phytopathological
·	ulture, Processing, Products. Avi Pu	ıblichina Ca	mnony Wootnoist	CT	
• , ,	. <u>y</u>	-			٠,
-	: Improvement, Seed Production, ar		iii wiley & Sons, ive	ew tol	ĸ.
	ases. APS Press, St. Paul, MN, 150		10551 0000		
	ssues. Macbeth. P.O. Box 230. Nev	-	. 12001-0230		
	op Science Society of America. Mac		=		
	um of Corn Diseases. APS Press, S		• •		
Sprague, G.F., and J.W. Dudley Madison, Wl <i>.</i>	(Editiors), 1988, Corn and Corn Im	iprovement,	Third Edition, Agro	nomy	Monograph 18. ASA, CSSA, SSSA,

COMMENTS (e. g. state how heat units were calculated, standard inbred seed source, and/or where data was collected. Continue in Exhibit D)

Insect, disease, brittle snapping and root lodging data are collected mainly from environment where variability for the trait

can be obtained within the experiment.

Stringfield, G.H. Maize Inbred Lines of Ohio A.E.S., Bul. 831. 1959.

U.S. Department of Agriculture 1936, 1937. Yearbook.

CLARIFICATION OF DATA IN EXHIBITS B AND C

Please note the data presented in Exhibit B and C, "Objective Description of Variety," are collected primarily at Johnston and Dallas Center, Iowa. The data in Tables 1A and 1B are from two sample t-tests using data collected in Johnston and Dallas Center, IA. These traits in exhibit B collectively show distinct differences between the two varieties.

FORM APPROVED - OMB NO. 0581-0055

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

EXHIBIT E STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP

Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). The information is held confidential until the certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).

1.NAME OF APPLICANT(S)

PIONEER HI-BRED INTERNATIONAL, INC.

2.TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER VARIETY NAME

PH714

4 .ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)

7301 NW 62nd AVENUE

5. TELEPHONE (include area code) 515-270-4051

FAX (include area code)

515-253-2125

7.PVPO NUMBER

2004 00 189

P.O.BOX 85 JOHNSTON, IA 50131-0085

8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in the appropriate block. If no, please explain: 🔯 YES

9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or a U.S. based company? If no, give name of country

10. Is the applicant the original owner?

a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)?

☐ YES ☐ NO if no, give name of country

b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. based company?

11. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original breeder to current owner. Use the reverse for extra space if needed):

Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. (PHI), Des Moines, Iowa, and/or its wholly owned subsidiary Pioneer Overseas Corporation (POC), Des Moines, Iowa, it the employer of the plant breeders involved in the selection and development of PH714. Pioneer Hi-Bred International and/or Pioneer Overseas Corporation has the sole rights and ownership of PH714 pursuant to written contracts that assign all rights in the variety to PHI and/or POC at the time such variety was created. No rights to this variety are retained by any individuals.

PLEASE NOTE:

Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licensees) who meet the following criteria:

information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

- If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that person must be a U.S. national, national of a UPOV member country, or national of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the original breeder(s), the company must be U.S. based, owned by nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed the final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definitions.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 0.1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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